

# Basic electrical properties of vlsi design Online PDF

## Basic Electrical Properties of VLSI Design

In the realm of Very Large Scale Integration (VLSI) design, understanding the fundamental electrical properties is crucial for developing efficient, reliable, and high-performance integrated circuits. VLSI technology involves integrating thousands to millions of transistors onto a single chip, making the electrical characteristics of the components and interconnections vital to the overall functionality. These properties influence the circuit's speed, power consumption, noise immunity, and manufacturing yield. This article delves into the core electrical properties that underpin VLSI design, exploring concepts such as resistance, capacitance, inductance, and the behavior of semiconductor devices, along with their implications on circuit performance.

## Resistive Properties in VLSI Circuits

Resistive properties directly impact the signal integrity, power dissipation, and overall performance of VLSI circuits. Understanding how resistance manifests in integrated circuits helps designers optimize layout and material choices.

### 1. Resistance of Interconnects

Interconnects, the metal lines connecting various circuit components, exhibit inherent resistance that can influence circuit operation.

- **Material dependence:** Copper and aluminum are commonly used; copper offers lower resistance.
- **Effect on delay:** Resistance causes RC delay, affecting signal propagation speed.
- **Size considerations:** Longer and narrower interconnects have higher resistance.

### 2. Resistance in Transistors

Transistors, primarily MOSFETs in VLSI, have intrinsic resistances that affect their switching characteristics.

- **On-resistance ( $R_{DS(on)}$ ):** Resistance when the transistor is in the ON state, influencing power

consumption and heat dissipation.

- **Source and drain resistance:** Affects current drive capability and switching speed.

## Capacitive Properties in VLSI Design

Capacitance plays a pivotal role in the timing, power consumption, and signal integrity of VLSI circuits. It is mainly associated with the storage of electrical energy and the delay in signal propagation.

### 1. Parasitic Capacitance

Parasitic capacitances are unintended capacitances that occur due to the proximity of conductive elements.

- **Gate-to-source/drain capacitance:** Affects switching speed.
- **Interconnect capacitance:** Contributes to RC delay and power dissipation.
- **Capacitance between interconnects:** Can lead to crosstalk and noise issues.

### 2. Capacitance in MOSFET Devices

MOSFETs inherently exhibit several capacitances that influence circuit behavior.

- **Gate capacitance:** Determines the drive current and switching speed.
- **Overlap capacitance:** Due to overlapping regions of gate and drain/source, impacting high-frequency performance.
- **Drain-to-bulk capacitance:** Affects device parasitics and switching characteristics.

## Inductive Properties in VLSI Circuits

While inductance is generally less prominent at the scale of VLSI, it still affects high-frequency circuit behavior.

### 1. Parasitic Inductance

Inductance arises from the magnetic field around current-carrying conductors.

- **Interconnect inductance:** Can cause voltage spikes during rapid switching.
- **Loop inductance:** Affects the stability and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of the circuit.

## 2. Impact on High-Frequency Performance

At gigahertz frequencies, parasitic inductance can lead to signal integrity issues such as ringing and electromagnetic interference (EMI).

## Semiconductor Device Electrical Characteristics

The behavior of individual transistors and diodes forms the foundation of VLSI circuits. These devices possess specific electrical properties that influence overall circuit operation.

### 1. Threshold Voltage ( $V_{th}$ )

The voltage required to turn a MOSFET from the OFF to ON state.

- Variations in  $V_{th}$  can affect switching thresholds and noise margins.
- Dependent on process parameters, temperature, and body biasing.

### 2. Drain Current ( $I_D$ ) Characteristics

Defines how current flows through the device based on gate voltage and other parameters.

- **Linear region:** Device acts like a resistor.
- **Saturation region:** Device provides constant current, essential for switching applications.

### 3. Subthreshold Conduction

Leakage current that occurs when the device is below threshold voltage, impacting power consumption.

- Becomes significant in scaled devices, necessitating careful design considerations.

## Electrical Noise and Signal Integrity

Electrical properties also determine how circuits respond to noise and how well they maintain signal fidelity.

### 1. Noise Sources in VLSI

Various noise types affect circuit performance:

- Thermal noise (Johnson-Nyquist noise): Due to thermal agitation of charge carriers.
- Flicker noise (1/f noise): Prominent at low frequencies.
- Shot noise: Arises from discrete charge transport.

## 2. Impact on Design

Design strategies aim to mitigate noise effects:

- Proper grounding and shielding.
- Using differential signaling.
- Optimizing device sizes and layout to reduce parasitic effects.

## Power Dissipation and Electrical Properties

Power consumption is a critical aspect in VLSI design, influenced heavily by electrical properties.

### 1. Dynamic Power

Power used during switching activities:

- $P_{dynamic} = C_{load} \times V_{DD}^2 \times f$
- Dependent on capacitance, supply voltage, and switching frequency.

### 2. Static Power

Power consumed due to leakage currents when devices are idle:

- Leakage currents increase as devices scale down.
- Design techniques focus on reducing leakage, such as high-threshold transistors and power gating.

## Conclusion

The electrical properties of VLSI components and interconnections form the foundation upon which high-performance, low-power, and reliable integrated circuits are built. Resistance, capacitance,

inductance, and device characteristics interplay to influence circuit speed, power efficiency, noise immunity, and overall functionality. As technology scales down, understanding and managing these electrical properties becomes increasingly challenging yet crucial for successful VLSI design. Innovations in materials, device architecture, and layout strategies continually evolve to optimize these properties, ensuring VLSI circuits meet the demanding requirements of modern electronic systems.

By mastering the basic electrical properties discussed in this article, VLSI designers can better predict circuit behavior, troubleshoot issues, and push the boundaries of integrated circuit technology toward greater performance and efficiency.

## Basic Electrical Properties of VLSI Design

In the rapidly evolving world of integrated circuits, Very Large Scale Integration (VLSI) stands out as a cornerstone technology that has revolutionized electronic devices. From smartphones and computers to embedded systems and medical devices, VLSI enables the creation of complex, high-performance chips within a compact footprint. At the heart of VLSI design lies a fundamental understanding of its electrical properties, which directly impact the performance, reliability, and power efficiency of the final product. This article explores the core electrical properties that underpin VLSI design, providing a comprehensive yet accessible overview for engineers, students, and enthusiasts alike.

## Understanding Basic Electrical Properties in VLSI Design

VLSI circuits are intricate assemblies of transistors, resistors, capacitors, and interconnects. To engineer these devices effectively, designers must grasp various electrical properties that dictate how current and voltage behave within the chip. These properties influence signal integrity, power consumption, speed, and overall device reliability. The key electrical parameters include resistance, capacitance, inductance, and the behavior of semiconductors under different operating conditions.

## Resistance in VLSI Circuits

### Definition and Significance

Resistance ( $R$ ) is a measure of how much a material opposes the flow of electric current. In VLSI circuits, resistive elements are inherent in the materials used and are deliberately introduced through resistive components. Resistance affects voltage drops along interconnects and influences power dissipation.

### Resistance of Interconnects

Interconnects are the conductive pathways that connect different parts of an integrated circuit. As chips become more complex, the length and width of these interconnects increase, impacting their resistance:

- **Resistivity of Materials:** Copper and aluminum are common interconnect materials. Copper has lower resistivity ( $\sim 1.68 \times 10^{-8} \Omega \cdot \text{m}$ ) compared to aluminum ( $\sim 2.65 \times 10^{-8} \Omega \cdot \text{m}$ ), making it preferable for high-speed circuits.
- **Scaling Effects:** As feature sizes shrink (toward nanometer scales), the resistance of interconnects rises due to increased surface scattering and grain boundary effects.
- **Impact on Performance:** High resistance leads to voltage drops and delays, hampering signal integrity and increasing power consumption.

### Resistive Losses and Power Dissipation

Resistive losses in the circuit manifest as heat, which must be managed to prevent device failure. Power dissipation due to resistance is given by Joule's law:

$$P = I^2 R$$

where  $P$  is power,  $I$  is current, and  $R$  is resistance. Minimizing resistance is crucial for efficient operation.

### Capacitance in VLSI Design

#### What is Capacitance?

Capacitance ( $C$ ) represents a system's ability to store electrical energy in an electric field. In VLSI, parasitic capacitance—unintended capacitance between conductors—plays a significant role.

#### Parasitic Capacitance in Chips

- **Interconnect Capacitance:** Capacitance between interconnect lines affects signal speed, as it must be charged and discharged during switching.
- **Capacitive Coupling:** Adjacent lines can influence each other through mutual capacitance, leading to crosstalk—undesired coupling that causes signal noise.
- **Gate Capacitance:** The capacitance between the gate and other terminals in MOSFETs impacts switching speeds and power consumption.

## Effects on Circuit Performance

- Delay: Increased parasitic capacitance results in longer RC (resistance-capacitance) time constants, slowing down signal propagation.
- Power Consumption: Dynamic power dissipation during switching is proportional to  $C \times V^2 \times f$ , where V is voltage and f is frequency.

## Managing Capacitance

Design techniques such as shielding, spacing, and the use of low-k dielectric materials are employed to reduce parasitic capacitance and enhance circuit speed.

## Inductance in VLSI Circuits

### The Role of Inductance

While often negligible at low frequencies, inductance (L) becomes relevant at high frequencies and in high-speed VLSI circuits:

- Definition: Inductance is the property of a conductor that opposes changes in current flow, storing energy in magnetic fields.

### Inductive Effects in Interconnects

- Parasitic Inductance: Conductors and vias exhibit parasitic inductance, which can cause voltage spikes during rapid current changes.
- Signal Integrity Issues: Inductive effects can lead to ringing, electromagnetic interference (EMI), and crosstalk, especially at gigahertz frequencies.

## Managing Inductance

Design strategies include minimizing loop areas, using differential signaling, and employing decoupling capacitors to counteract inductive effects.

## Semiconductor Electrical Properties

### Semiconductor Behavior and Doping

The fundamental building blocks of VLSI?MOSFETs?rely on the electrical properties of semiconductors:

- Carrier Concentration: Doping introduces free carriers (electrons or holes), modifying conductivity.
- Threshold Voltage: The voltage required to turn the transistor on depends on doping levels and device geometry.
- Mobility: The ease with which carriers move affects current drive capabilities and switching speed.

### Subthreshold and Saturation Regions

Understanding the transistor's operation in different regions helps optimize performance:

- Cutoff Region: Transistor is off; minimal current.
- Linear (Triode) Region: Transistor operates as a resistor; used for analog applications.
- Saturation Region: Transistor is fully on; maximum current flow, crucial for digital switching.

### Electrical Noise and Signal Integrity

#### Types of Noise

- Thermal Noise: Random fluctuations due to thermal agitation of carriers.
- Flicker Noise: Low-frequency noise affecting analog performance.
- Crosstalk: Unwanted coupling between neighboring lines.

#### Impact on VLSI

Noise can cause errors in logic states, data corruption, and reduced reliability. Proper layout practices, shielding, and filtering mitigate these issues.

### Power and Voltage Considerations

#### Power Consumption

VLSI circuits are power-hungry, especially at high speeds. Electrical properties influence power:

- Dynamic Power: Consumed during switching events.
- Static Power: Leakage currents when transistors are off.

## Voltage Levels and Scaling

Voltage thresholds are scaled down with feature size, but leakage currents increase, challenging power management strategies.

## Final Thoughts: The Interplay of Electrical Properties

In VLSI design, electrical properties are not isolated parameters but interconnected factors that collectively determine the device's behavior and performance. Achieving optimal results requires a delicate balance?minimizing resistance and parasitic capacitance, controlling inductance, managing noise, and understanding the semiconductor physics at play. As technology advances toward smaller nodes and higher speeds, the importance of mastering these electrical properties becomes ever more critical.

Understanding these fundamental electrical properties provides the foundation for innovations in VLSI design, enabling engineers to develop faster, more efficient, and more reliable integrated circuits. The ongoing challenge lies in continually pushing the boundaries of what is physically possible while managing the complex electrical phenomena that emerge at nanometer scales, ensuring that the chips of tomorrow meet the demanding needs of our digital world.

**Question** What are the basic electrical properties considered in VLSI design? The primary electrical properties include resistance, capacitance, inductance, and conductance, which influence signal integrity, delay, power consumption, and overall circuit performance. How does resistance impact VLSI circuit performance? Resistance causes voltage drops and power dissipation, leading to slower signal propagation and increased heat, which must be minimized for efficient VLSI operation. Why is capacitance important in VLSI design? Capacitance affects signal delay and power consumption by determining how quickly signals can change states; managing parasitic capacitance is crucial for high-speed circuits. What role does inductance play in VLSI circuitry? Although typically small at the chip level, inductance can impact high-frequency signals, causing voltage spikes and electromagnetic interference that need to be controlled. How does conductance relate to the electrical properties in VLSI? Conductance is the inverse of resistance and indicates how easily electric current can flow through a material; it influences leakage currents and overall device efficiency. What is the significance of parasitic effects in VLSI electrical properties? Parasitic resistance, capacitance, and inductance can degrade circuit performance, cause delays, increase power consumption, and lead to signal integrity issues if not properly managed. How do electrical properties influence power consumption in VLSI chips? Electrical properties like resistance and capacitance determine dynamic and static power dissipation; optimizing these factors reduces overall power usage and heat generation. What techniques are

used to optimize electrical properties in VLSI design? Techniques include material selection, device sizing, layout optimization, shielding, and the use of low-k dielectrics to reduce parasitic capacitance, resistance, and inductance for better performance.

**Related keywords:** VLSI design, electrical characteristics, threshold voltage, leakage current, capacitance, resistivity, power consumption, parasitic effects, transistor behavior, device modeling

## CHARLOTTE AND PETER FIELL

**Charlotte and Peter Fiell** are renowned figures in the world of design, architecture, and contemporary visual culture. Their collaborative work as authors, researchers, and curators has significantly influenced how we perceive design history and its impact on modern society. With a keen eye for detail and a passion for uncovering the stories behind iconic objects and movements, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have established themselves as authoritative voices in the field. This article delves into their backgrounds, contributions, notable publications, and their lasting influence on design scholarship.

### Who Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell?

#### Background and Career Overview

Charlotte and Peter Fiell are British design historians and authors celebrated for their extensive work on design history and contemporary design trends. Their collaborative efforts have resulted in numerous influential publications that are widely used by students, professionals, and enthusiasts alike.

Charlotte Fiell's academic background is rooted in art and design history, which she has combined with her keen interest in the cultural aspects of design. Peter Fiell, on the other hand, is recognized for his expertise in design criticism and his ability to contextualize design within broader social and cultural frameworks.

Together, they have spent decades researching, writing, and curating exhibitions that highlight the evolution of design from the early modern period to the present day.

### Major Contributions to Design Literature

#### Key Publications

The Fiells are perhaps best known for their comprehensive and visually engaging books that explore various facets of design. Some of their most influential publications include:

- **Design of the 20th Century** ? A definitive guide that chronicles the development of design over the last hundred years, covering everything from industrial design to graphic arts.
- **1000 Lights** ? An extensive survey of lighting design, showcasing innovations and iconic fixtures from around the world.
- **Furniture Design** ? An in-depth look at the evolution of furniture, highlighting key designers and movements that shaped modern interiors.
- **Design Culture: An Anthology** ? A collection of essays and case studies that examine the cultural significance of design across different eras and regions.

Their books are characterized by their rich visual content, combining high-quality photographs, detailed illustrations, and insightful analysis, making them invaluable resources for understanding the history and significance of design.

## Curatorial and Exhibition Work

Beyond their publications, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have curated numerous exhibitions that have traveled worldwide. These exhibitions often serve as visual narratives that bring their written work to life, engaging audiences with immersive experiences.

Some notable exhibitions include:

- Modern Masters: Design in the 20th Century ? Showcasing key works from influential designers.
- Lighting the Future ? Exploring innovations in lighting technology and design.
- Furniture of the 21st Century ? Highlighting contemporary trends and emerging designers.

Their curatorial work emphasizes the importance of storytelling in design and underscores the social, cultural, and technological factors that influence creative practices.

## Their Approach to Design History

### Interdisciplinary Perspective

Charlotte and Peter Fiell advocate for an interdisciplinary approach to understanding design. They believe that design cannot be studied in isolation but must be contextualized within cultural, political, and technological frameworks.

This perspective allows their work to:

- Connect design movements with historical events.
- Analyze the societal impact of technological innovations.
- Explore the ways design reflects cultural identities.

## Visual Emphasis

A hallmark of their publications is the emphasis on visual content. They understand that design is a highly visual discipline, and their books are often praised for their stunning imagery that complements scholarly analysis.

This visual focus:

- Enhances reader engagement.
- Provides a comprehensive understanding of design objects.
- Inspires designers and enthusiasts alike.

## Influence and Legacy

### Educational Impact

Charlotte and Peter Fiell's work has become standard reading in design education worldwide. Their books are frequently cited in university courses on design history, industrial design, and visual culture.

Their clear explanations and rich visuals make complex subject matter accessible to students and newcomers to the field.

### Inspiring Contemporary Designers

Many modern designers cite the Fiells' publications as sources of inspiration. Their detailed case studies and historical insights help emerging designers appreciate the roots of their craft and the evolution of design principles.

### Promoting Design Awareness

Through their exhibitions and writings, the Fiells have helped raise public awareness about the importance of design in everyday life. They emphasize that good design is not only functional but

also culturally meaningful and aesthetically compelling.

## Notable Awards and Recognitions

Over the years, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have received numerous accolades for their contributions to design scholarship and publishing, including:

- Design awards from major institutions.
- Recognition for their influence in curatorial practices.
- Honorary mentions for promoting design literacy worldwide.

## Conclusion

Charlotte and Peter Fiell are pivotal figures in the understanding and appreciation of design. Their work bridges scholarly research and popular engagement, making complex design histories accessible and compelling. Whether through their meticulously researched books, inspiring exhibitions, or educational initiatives, they continue to shape the discourse around design's role in culture and society. For anyone interested in the evolution of design or seeking to deepen their appreciation of creative innovation, exploring the work of Charlotte and Peter Fiell offers valuable insights and inspiration.

**Keywords:** Charlotte and Peter Fiell, design history, design books, design exhibitions, influential designers, contemporary design, visual culture, design education, industrial design, furniture design, lighting design

Charlotte and Peter Fiell are renowned names in the world of design, architecture, and contemporary culture. Their collaborative work as authors, curators, and commentators has significantly shaped how audiences engage with design history and innovation. This dynamic duo's influence extends across numerous publications, exhibitions, and educational initiatives, making them pivotal figures for anyone interested in the evolution of design and its cultural implications. In this guide, we'll explore their backgrounds, key contributions, notable publications, and the enduring impact they have had on the field of design.

**Who Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell?**

Charlotte and Peter Fiell are a married couple with a shared passion for design. Their combined expertise spans decades, during which they have authored influential books, curated exhibitions, and contributed to scholarly discussions on design's role in society. Their work often blurs the lines between academic analysis and accessible storytelling, making complex topics approachable for both specialists and general readers.

## Backgrounds and Expertise

- Charlotte Fiell: Charlotte has a background rooted in design history and cultural studies. Her focus often emphasizes contemporary design movements and their socio-cultural contexts.

- Peter Fiell: With a robust background in industrial design and architecture, Peter's insights frequently delve into design innovation, craftsmanship, and technological advancements.

Together, their complementary skills allow them to craft comprehensive narratives that contextualize design within broader historical, technological, and cultural frameworks.

## Major Contributions and Notable Works

### Influential Publications

The Fiell couple has authored and edited numerous books that have become staples in the fields of design and architecture. Some of their most notable publications include:

- "1000 Chairs" (2002): An exhaustive survey of chair design, exploring its evolution from functional object to icon of style and artistic expression.

- "Design of the 20th Century" (1999): A comprehensive overview of the century's most influential designers, movements, and innovations.

- "The Story of Design" (2012): A richly illustrated narrative tracing the history of design from prehistory to the digital age.

- "Fashion Design": Exploring the trajectory of fashion as an integral aspect of cultural expression and innovation.

- "The FIELL Collection": A series highlighting iconic design pieces, offering insights into their creation and significance.

## Curatorial and Exhibition Work

Beyond their writing, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have curated numerous exhibitions showcasing design history and contemporary innovation. Their curatorial approach often emphasizes storytelling, contextualizing objects within cultural and societal shifts.

### Educational Impact

Their work has been influential in academic settings, inspiring curricula, lectures, and seminars that introduce students and professionals alike to the richness of design history.

### The Fiell Approach to Design

The Fiell duo's methodology combines rigorous research with engaging storytelling. They aim to:

- Make Design Accessible: Simplify complex concepts without sacrificing depth, making design history approachable for a broad audience.
- Highlight Cultural Contexts: Emphasize how design reflects, influences, and responds to societal changes.
- Showcase Innovation: Celebrate the creative process behind iconic objects, emphasizing craftsmanship, technology, and artistic vision.
- Foster Appreciation for Craftsmanship: Recognize the skill and artistry involved in design, encouraging respect for both historical and contemporary designers.

### Key Themes in Their Work

- The Evolution of Design

Charlotte and Peter Fiell trace how design has evolved over centuries, influenced by technological advancements, cultural shifts, and economic factors. From early craftsmanship to mass production and digital design, they highlight pivotal moments and figures.

- The Intersection of Art and Function

Their work often explores how functional objects become symbols of aesthetic movement, reflecting societal values and individual identity.

- Sustainability and Future Trends

Recent writings emphasize the importance of sustainable design and innovation in addressing global challenges, positioning the Fiell couple as forward-thinking commentators.

- Design as a Cultural Phenomenon

They argue that design is not merely about objects but is deeply intertwined with cultural narratives, politics, and social change.

### Influence and Legacy

Charlotte and Peter Fiell have played a crucial role in elevating the discourse around design, blending scholarly rigor with popular appeal. Their publications are widely used in academic courses, while their exhibitions and public talks inspire a broader appreciation for design's role in shaping human experience.

### Key Contributions to the Field

- Bridging Academic and Popular Audiences: Their work makes scholarly insights accessible, fostering a wider appreciation.

- Documenting Design History: Their comprehensive catalogs serve as essential references.

- Encouraging Critical Engagement: They challenge audiences to consider design's impact on society and the environment.

### Conclusion: The Enduring Impact of Charlotte and Peter Fiell

In sum, Charlotte and Peter Fiell have established themselves as influential voices in the study and celebration of design. Their collaborative efforts have produced a body of work that is both academically rigorous and broadly accessible, shaping how we understand the history, present, and future of design. Whether through their books, exhibitions, or lectures, they continue to inspire new

generations of designers, historians, and enthusiasts to appreciate the artistry, innovation, and cultural significance of design objects and movements.

Their legacy underscores the idea that design is not just about aesthetics but a vital part of human culture—an ongoing dialogue between function, form, and society. As the world faces new challenges and opportunities, the insights and enthusiasm of Charlotte and Peter Fiell remain vital sources of inspiration and knowledge in the ever-evolving landscape of design.

**Question** Who are Charlotte and Peter Fiell in the design world? Charlotte and Peter Fiell are renowned design historians, authors, and curators known for their influential books and contributions to design education and appreciation. What are some notable works by Charlotte and Peter Fiell? Their notable works include 'Design of the 20th Century', 'Furniture Design', and 'The Story of Graphic Design', which are widely regarded as essential references in the field. How have Charlotte and Peter Fiell influenced design history? Through their comprehensive publications and exhibitions, they have significantly shaped the understanding and appreciation of modern and contemporary design worldwide. Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell involved in any design exhibitions? Yes, they have curated numerous exhibitions on design topics, showcasing their expertise and promoting design awareness in museums and galleries globally. What is the focus of Charlotte and Peter Fiell's writing? Their writing primarily focuses on the history, evolution, and cultural impact of design, covering areas like furniture, graphic design, and industrial design. Have Charlotte and Peter Fiell received any awards for their work? Yes, they have received several awards and honors recognizing their contributions to design scholarship and publishing. Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell involved in teaching or academic work? While primarily known as authors and curators, they have also contributed to academic programs and lectures related to design history. Where can I find the works of Charlotte and Peter Fiell? Their books are available in major bookstores, online retailers, and libraries, and their exhibitions have been held at prominent museums worldwide. What impact have Charlotte and Peter Fiell had on design education? They have influenced design education by providing comprehensive resources and inspiring new generations of designers and historians. Are Charlotte and Peter Fiell still active in the design community? As of the latest information, they continue to contribute through writing, curating, and participating in design discussions and events.

**Related keywords:** design, architecture, interior design, furniture, lighting, visual inspiration, design authors, modern design, Scandinavian design, design books

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